3RD TERM/ 4TH GRADE ENGLISH REMEDIAL WORKSHOP

Name: _____
Date: _____ Grade: 4th

Realizar la corrección de la EPA
Realizar la recuperación en hojas examen o imprimiendo esta guía (Para no quedarme con el cuaderno, al calificar la recuperación debe pegarla en el cuaderno)
El libro debe estar realizado hasta la unidad 10
Realizar un juego en inglés con alguno de los temas vistos en el TERCER PERIODO. Debe entregar todo el mismo día (no recibo por partes la recuperación)

Topics to study

1. Love + activities: I love ice skating
2. Past Simple – irregular verbs
3. Sports: inside and outside
4. Illnesses vocabulary
5. Must / Mustn't / Have to
6. Taking care of your teeth
7. Forest vocabulary
8. Adjectives – comparatives and superlatives
9. Adverbs – comparatives and superlatives

1. LOVE + ACTIVITIES

We use love + activity to talk about things we really enjoy.

Examples:

I love ice skating.

I love swimming.

I love playing soccer.

I love reading.

Remember:

After love, we can use a verb ending in -ing.

Complete:

1. I love _____. (swim)
2. I love _____. (dance)
3. I love _____. (read)
4. I love _____. (ice skate)

2. PAST SIMPLE – IRREGULAR VERBS

Irregular verbs do not use -ed in the past.

Present	Past
go	went
eat	ate
see	saw
have	had
come	came
take	took
make	made
drink	drank
run	ran
sing	sang

Examples:

I go to school. → Yesterday, I went to school.

I eat pizza. → Yesterday, I ate pizza.

She sings a song. → She sang a song.

Practice

Complete with the past form:

1. Yesterday I _____ to the park. (go)
2. She _____ a sandwich. (eat)
3. We _____ a beautiful bird. (see)
4. He _____ a new pencil. (have)
5. They _____ a song. (sing)

3. SPORTS – INSIDE AND OUTSIDE

Indoor sports

Sports you can do inside.

basketball

table tennis

gymnastics

swimming

bowling

Outdoor sports

Sports you can do outside.

soccer

baseball

cycling

tennis

running

Practice

Write INDOOR or OUTDOOR.

1. Soccer → _____

2. Bowling → _____

3. Cycling → _____

4. Gymnastics → _____

5. Baseball → _____

Speaking

What is your favorite sport?

My favorite sport is _____.

4. ILLNESSES

Vocabulary

English	Spanish
headache	dolor de cabeza
stomachache	dolor de estómago
toothache	dolor de muela
sore throat	dolor de garganta
cold	resfriado
fever	fiebre
cough	tos
earache	dolor de oído

Examples:

I have a headache.
I have a fever.
I have a toothache.

Practice

Complete:

1. My head hurts. I have a _____.
2. My tooth hurts. I have a _____.
3. I am very hot. I have a _____.
4. I am coughing. I have a _____.

5. MUST – MUSTN'T – HAVE TO

MUST = debes / tienes que

We use must for an important rule or obligation.

You must brush your teeth.

MUSTN'T = no debes

It means something is not allowed.

You mustn't eat too much candy.

HAVE TO = tener que

It also expresses obligation.

I have to go to the doctor.

Examples

✅ You must wash your hands.
❌ You mustn't run in the hospital.
✅ You have to take care of your teeth.

Choose the correct answer:

1. You _____ brush your teeth every day.
a) must
b) mustn't

2. You _____ eat lots of candy.
a) must
b) mustn't

3. If you are sick, you _____ see a doctor.
a) have to
b) mustn't

6. TAKE CARE OF YOUR TEETH

Good habits:

Brush your teeth twice a day.
Drink water.
Eat healthy food.
Visit the dentist.
Don't eat too much candy.

Complete:

1. I must _____ my teeth.

2. I mustn't eat too much _____.

3. I have to visit the _____.

4. I should drink _____.

My healthy rule:

I must _____.

7. FOREST VOCABULARY

Words to remember:

forest → bosque

tree → árbol

river → río

mountain → montaña

leaf → hoja

flower → flor

animal → animal

bird → pájaro

rabbit → conejo

bear → oso

butterfly → mariposa

mushroom → hongo

Practice

Complete:

1. A _____ is a place with many trees.

2. A _____ can fly.

3. A _____ has colorful wings.

4. A _____ is a place where water flows.

5. A _____ is a small animal with long ears.

8. ADJECTIVES – COMPARATIVES & SUPERLATIVES

Comparative = compare TWO things

Use -er + than with many short adjectives.

big → bigger than

-The elephant is bigger than the dog.

Superlative = compare THREE OR MORE

Use the + -est.

big → the biggest

-The elephant is the biggest animal.

Examples

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
small	smaller	the smallest
tall	taller	the tallest
fast	faster	the fastest
big	bigger	the biggest
long	longer	the longest

Irregular:

good → better → the best

Practice

Complete:

1. A mouse is _____ than an elephant. (small)

2. A cheetah is _____ than a dog. (fast)

3. The elephant is _____ animal. (big)

4. This is _____ book. (good)

9. ADVERBS – COMPARATIVES & SUPERLATIVES

Adverbs tell us how someone does an action.

Examples:

fast → rápidamente

slowly → lentamente

carefully → cuidadosamente

loudly → fuertemente / en voz alta

quietly → silenciosamente

Comparative

more + adverb + than

-Ana runs more quickly than Pedro.

Superlative

the most + adverb

-Ana runs the most quickly.

Practice

Complete:

1. Tom runs _____ than John. (quickly)

2. Sarah speaks _____ than Maria. (quietly)

3. Pedro works _____ than his brother. (carefully)

A. Match

1. Headache ___	a. past of go
2. Forest ___	b. dolor de cabeza
3. Went ___	c. bosque
4. Toothache ___	d. comparativo de big
5. Bigger ___	e. dolor de muela

B. Write sentences

1. Love: _____

2. Past simple: _____

3. Must: _____

4. Mustn't: _____

5. Comparative: _____

C. Challenge

Write 5 sentences about yourself using the topics:

1. I love _____.

2. Yesterday, I _____.

3. I must _____.

4. My favorite sport is _____.

5. A _____ is bigger than _____.

No olvide entregar el libro hasta la unidad 10!